John Clears The Path- Pt. 1

Luke 3:1-6

Intro: In this passage, Luke does a masterful job in setting the scene for John's arrival diving us the entire layout with the key players in place

In v	ers	es (1-3) Luke gives us: a) The Historical Setting b) Geographical ritual Setting d) Finally, the Prophetic Setting (v. 4-6)	
l.	we	e need t	The Scene: To get the full impact of the drama involved, here, to see the dark backdrop in order to get the full effect of the arrives on the scene (Read 1-3)	
A)	the Co Je he	e scene ovenant remiah earts, wh	times. When John burst on s, Israel was not enjoying any kind of Abrahamic or Davidic blessings, nor any realization of the New Covenant of & Ezekiel- where God would establish a law written on their here they would be cleansed from sin, establishing a new and elationship with Him.	
B)			hey were living under complete by	
	sp	iritually,	country, as well as harsh oppression both politically and , and they had been in this oppressed and limbo-like state for of years.	
C)	C) They knew all-too-well about a promised Messiah who would			
•		Is	srael , but after <u>400</u> years of silence, they were exhausted,	
	tei	nsions v	were high and they were MORE than ready for relief from a	
	Sa	avior. "\	Where are you Messiah??? Now'd be a good time!!"	
II. <i>F</i>	Poli	itically-		
6	a.	_	no longer had a , but instead smaller, almost petty	
		•	called Tetrarchs who were put in place by Rome to rule the	
		· ·	of the kingdom that had been split up. To add insult to injury,	
			Tetrarchs weren't even from Israel; i.e. not Jewish, but Roman.	
b. Kingdom split into 4 parts:				
		i.	One ruled by <i>Pontius Pilot</i>	
		ii. 	One ruled by <i>Herod Antipas</i> (Son of Herod the Great)	
		iii.	One ruled by <i>Philip</i>	
	_ 4	iv.	One ruled by Lysanius	
(C. 🖊	an of th	ne country was ruled by <i>Tiberius Caesar</i> at the time, who	

a.	While there were still God-fearing Jews in Israel, the religious system			
	& le	adership was seriously		
b.	The	High Priests, Annas & Ciaphus were both		
	i.	NOTE: Although occupied by Rome, the highest position or		
		authority, among the Jewish people, would be the High Priest.		
	ii.	Normally there would only be High Priest and they		
		would have to come out of the Levitical line, appointed by God.		
		However, during this occupation, the Levitical lineage was thrown		
		out and Rome appointed whomever they wanted- usually		
		whomever won their politically or bribed their		
		way in with money. In this case there were actually 2, one official		
		and one unofficial, again, appointed by Rome.		
	iii.	Caiaphas was the official High-Priest, but Annas, his		
		father-in-law, who had served for 10 years and then removed by		
		Rome, actually still held a death grip on the High Priesthood, and		
		was thepower behind the office, which is why		
		Jesus was "first" brought to Annas after being arrested (Jn. 18).		
		He remained a major controller of Israel through his 5 sons (all		
	1	eventually serving the HP office) as well as son-in-law Caiaphas.		
	iv.	PROBLEM: The Temple in that day, had sadly become a very		
		lucrative and dishonest business, and the office of the High		
		Priest had drastically changed from being a Spiritual		
		Representation to that of a corruptlaundering syndicate controlled by Annas's family and their friends. POINT:		
		Thus, the main reason that Annas & Caiaphas had Jesus killed,		
		was for his theology, but because he was ruining their		
		cash cow, their livelihood. Jesus had cleansed the temple twice		
		and driven out the money changers so He simply had to go! (vid)		
		and arriver out the meries changers so the empty had to get (ma)		
c.	The	Priesthood itself was divided up into fragments, poorly		
		resented by two main leadership groups:		
	•	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
	i.	Pharisees- tended to be legalistic and hypocritical,		
		leading people to the Lord but more to their religious system		
	ii.	Sadducees- who did not believe in the of God, nor		
		the Power of God, thus they were considered quite liberal and		
		anti-supernatural. (Ph- Matt. 23:23-24; Sad- Matt. 22:29)		
d.	ldol	atry was everywhere- Caesar believed himself to be a,		
	with	idols of him placed everywhere, which was very difficult for the		
	Jew	s to live with since they detested the sin of idolatry, which they		

learned from their captivity in Babylon centuries earlier. (Lev. 26:1)

had unilateral rule of the entire region.